

Discipline **Engineering Standard**

Category Rolling Stock

Glossary of Terms WOS 01.B

Applicability

ARTC Network wide	
New South Wales	✓
Western Jurisdiction	
Victoria	

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List of Amendments

Issue	Date	Clause	Description
1.0	07/12/2005	All	Reformatting to ARTC Standard

WOS 01.B - Glossary

This section defines words that are used in the Rolling Stock Operation Standards.

Agreed Agreed between the Owner/Operator and the Australian Rail Track

Corporation.

Approved Approved by the Australian Rail Track Corporation.

Cant deficiency The difference in superelevation between that required to balance

the actual vehicle centrifugal force due to curve negotiation such that there is equal wheel loading on the high and low rail, and the

actual superelevation existing in the curve.

Continuous tractive

effort

The force that can be applied by the hauling vehicle for an indefinite

period without causing overheating of the traction motors.

Curved wheel web Wheel web which is domed such that its cross section is curved.

Design speed The maximum speed at which a vehicle is expected to operate on

the Australian Rail Track Corporation network.

Flat top trolley or

trailer

A small non-powered track vehicle which is used for conveying

tools and equipment along the track and which can be easily

removed from the track.

Freight Train A train predominantly consisting of freight vehicles.

Full supplies, Fully

provisioned

Locomotive with all equipment and full of fuel, oil, water, coolant

and sand.

Handbrake A mechanical device provided on a train in order to secure the train

or individual vehicles so as to prevent them from moving. Note: Where the term "handbrake" is used, it will also mean

"parking brake".

Heritage vehicle Locomotive, passenger vehicle or freight vehicle that is not used in

regular revenue service other than special interest runs, such as

steam tours.

Light locomotive One or more locomotives coupled together without vehicles

attached.

Locomotive A self propelled vehicle, powered by any form of energy, which

does not convey passengers or freight but which is used to move

one or more other vehicles which form a train.

Multiple unit train A passenger train made up of similar electric or diesel powered cars

and operating as a unit. Some cars may be non-powered.

Net brake ratio The ratio of the sum of the actual measured brake block forces

divided by the total vehicle mass.

On track maintenance vehicle

Any track maintenance vehicle which operates solely on the track.

Overhead wiring

vehicle

A track maintenance vehicle with elevating platform or equipped for

maintenance of the overhead wiring system.

Pantograph An apparatus fixed to the roof of electrically powered trains and

used to draw electricity from the overhead wire.

Power car A self propelled vehicle, which may or may not convey passengers

and/or freight, and operates in conjunction with similar vehicles in a

multiple unit consist.

Quadricycle A small self propelled rail-bound track vehicle which can be easily

removed from the line.

Road/rail vehicle Any type of track vehicle which can travel on either road or rail and

can easily transfer from one mode of operation to the other.

Rova Mech An authority issued for the movement of a vehicle for which there

are no published operating conditions, or for which the operating

conditions are different from those published.

Starting tractive effort The force that can be applied by the hauling vehicle, to lift itself and

its trailing load from stationary without excessive wheelslip.

Straight wheel web Wheel web consisting of flat plate with no curvature such that its

cross section is straight

S-plate wheel Wheel with a web such that its cross section forms and S shape,

designed to exhibit low wheel rim stresses.

Substantially modified

vehicle

Vehicles modified to accommodate their use for a different purpose. Vehicles undergoing major refurbishment with updated equipment

which alters the braking, traction or suspension systems.

Vehicles being moved with equipment removed and resulting in a reduction of vehicle mass that could alter the vehicle performance.

Vehicles modified such that it may be incompatible with the

infrastructure.

Track repair vehicle A rail bound self propelled track vehicle which is used to carry out

repairs either to the track or to the 1500 volt overhead wiring equipment. Some of these vehicles can only be removed from the

line by the use of special take-offs or portable turnouts.

Track vehicle A vehicle, usually self propelled, which is not used for hauling or

propelling freight or passenger vehicles but which is used mainly for the inspection and maintenance of the track. These types of vehicles vary widely on design and include overhead wiring

vehicles, quadricycles, trolleys, road/rail vehicles, track repair

machines and track inspection cars.

Train A train is:

• any locomotive(s) or powered unit(s) either attached or

unattached to vehicles

any self propelled passenger unit(s)